SAFETY DATA SHEET



Syntilo 9930

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

Syntilo 9930

Product code

450867-CN04

SDS no.

450867

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/

Metalworking fluid - synthetic.

mixture

For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our

company representative.

Manufacturer

Supplier

BP (China) Industrial Lubricants Co., Ltd.

19-22F, Youyou International Plaza

No. 76 Pujian Rd. Shanghai P.R.C., 200127

Tel: +86 21 38605888

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE

NUMBER

Carechem: +86 10 5100 3039 (24 hours)

Section 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification

AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 2
AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

No signal word.

Hazard statements

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response

P391 - Collect spillage.

Storage

Not applicable.

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Corrosion inhibitors and additives in aqueous solution.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
riethanolamine borates, tetra, sodium salts-anhydrous	≥10 - <25 ≥2 - <3	102-71-6 1330-43-4
Poly quaternary ammonium chloride	≥0.3 - <1	31075-24-8/ 31512-74-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

> If inhaled, remove to fresh air. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water if person is conscious. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are

severe.

Skin contact Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser.

> Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eve contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for

and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It Protection of first-aiders

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

Notes to physician In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable In case of fire, use water fog, alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide

extinguisher or spray.

Not suitable Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising

Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from from the chemical being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. In a fire or if heated, a pressure

increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life

with long lasting effects.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Combustion products may include the following:

metal oxide/oxides

carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)

nitrogen oxides (NO, NO2 etc.)

Special precautions for fire-

fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency

personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Contact emergency

personnel.

For emergency responders Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist

or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the

information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

> and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

> > (GHS - China)

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. During metal working, solid particles from workpieces or tools will contaminate the fluid and may cause abrasions of the skin. Where such abrasions result in a penetration of the skin, first aid treatment should be applied as soon as reasonably possible. The presence of certain metals in the workpiece or tool, such as chromium, cobalt and nickel, can contaminate the metalworking fluid and as a result may induce allergic skin reactions. Evaporation of water from soluble cutting fluids during use may lead to an increase in concentration which may result in the development of skin conditions due to irritation and defatting. It is important to monitor fluid strength on a regular basis with a refractometer and maintain it at the recommended concentration. Lubricants from other sources and other contaminants should be minimised. Swarf and other debris should be removed. To maintain optimum performance and minimise bacterial spoilage, machine tool coolant systems should be cleaned on a regular basis.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage

Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 40°C (41 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
F riethanolamine	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 9/1994	
borates, tetra, sodium salts-anhydrous	ACGIH TLV (United States). STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 1/2005 Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 1/2005 Form: Inhalable fraction	

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.

Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards.

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection

Undiluted fluid: Chemical goggles.

Diluted fluid: Safety glasses with side shlelds.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Undiluted fluid: Wear chemical resistant gloves.

Recommended: nitrile gloves.

Diluted fluid: Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely. Recommended: nitrile gloves. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Skin protection

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice. Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>

Physical state Liquid.

Colour Fellow. [Light]
Odour Mild [Slight]
Odour threshold Not available.

pH 9.2 [Conc. (% w/w): 5%]

Melting pointNot available.Boiling pointNot available.Drop PointNot available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flash point Zosed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [Estimated. Water content interferes with flash point

determination.]

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable. Based on - Physical state

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Not available.

Vapour pressure Vapour density Not available.

Relative density

Not available.

Density

1000 kg/m³ (>1 g/cm³) at 15°C

Solubility

Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature

Not available. Not available.

Viscosity

Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and

Incompatible materials for additional information.

Chemical stability

The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Kvoid excessive heat.

Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials. Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.

oomposition.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation

Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects

may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Inhalation No specific data. No specific data.

Skin contact

No specific data. No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Eye contact

Ingestion

Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

Skin contact

Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis.

Ingestion

Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

Potential chronic health effects

General

No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Teratogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Environmental effects

This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

expected to be biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility

Liquid. Soluble in water.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Diluted Fluid The spent diluted fluid comprises a relatively stable emulsion. Dispose of via an authorised person/licensed waste disposal contractor or by other suitable waste treatment techniques (e.g. emulsion splitting, coagulation and filtration) approved by the local authority. Spent fluid should never be disposed of down the drain. The aqueous phase should not be discharged into sewage systems unless provided for by local regulations; the non-aqueous phase should be disposed of as undiluted fluid. Note that separated aqueous solutions or effluents may contain metal salts as well as traces of oil and must be checked for conformity in these respects against consents given by the authorities before disposal. Further treatment may be required.

Section 14. Transport information

	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Poly quaternary ammonium chloride). Marine pollutant	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Poly quaternary ammonium chloride)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9
Packing group	111	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Special precautions for user

Not available.

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Section 14. Transport information

China Transportation Information

UN number

UN3082

Package mark

Not available.

Not available.

Packing group

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Packaging

Not applicable.

Matters needing attention for transportation

Ensure that any additional local government transport conditions are met

Transport in bulk according

to Annex II of MARPOL

73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

Regulation according to other foreign laws

REACH Status

For the REACH status of this product please consult your company contact, as identified in

Section 1.

United States inventory

(TSCA 8b)

All components are listed or exempted.

Australia inventory (AICS) Canada inventory status

All components are listed or exempted. All components are listed or exempted.

All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) Japan inventory (ENCS)

All components are listed or exempted. All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI) Philippines inventory

All components are listed or exempted.

(PICCS)

Taiwan inventory (CSNN)

Il components are listed or exempted.

Label requirements

Rules of Safety Management Concerning Chemical Dangerous Goods Classification and Labeling of Commonly-used Dangerous Chemical Goods

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of

05/03/2015.

revision

Date of previous issue

24/08/2012.

Prepared by

Product Stewardship

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material, Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken. You can contact the BP Group to ensure that this document is the most current available. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited.

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